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Magnetoelastics of a Spin Liquid: X-ray Single-crystal Diffraction Studies of $\text{Tb}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ in Pulsed Magnetic Fields

Jacob P. C. Ruff

Department of Physics, McMaster University, Hamilton, ON L8S 4M1, Canada

High-resolution single-crystal X-ray diffraction measurements of the frustrated pyrochlore magnet $\text{Tb}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ have been performed using a novel low-temperature pulsed magnet system. This unique instrument allows a thorough characterization of structural degrees of freedom to temperatures as low as 4.4K and in applied magnetic fields as high as 30 Tesla. We show that $\text{Tb}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ manifests several intriguing structural effects under the application of magnetic fields, including strongly anisotropic giant magnetostriction, a restoration of local symmetry in low magnetic fields, and ultimately a structural phase transition in high magnetic fields. A treatment of spin-liquid physics in this compound based on spin degrees of freedom alone seems simplistic, as these results show that magnetoelastic coupling plays a significant role in $\text{Tb}_2\text{Ti}_2\text{O}_7$ at low temperatures.